

**Amendments to the Abstract:**

**ABSTRACT**

Please replace the abstract that appears on page 16 of the specification with the following revised abstract which is submitted on a separate sheet.

## Abstract

The invention relates to a magneto-inductive method for determining the flow rate of a medium flowing through a measuring tube [(2)] in the direction of the measuring tube axis. In order to be able to detect a coating formation on a measuring electrode early and with a high degree of certainty, a test pulse ( $U_p$ ) of defined pulse length ( $t_p$ ) is issued to the measuring electrode [(3, 4)]; at least one signal in response to the test pulse ( $U_p$ ) is determined at at least two measuring points in time ( $t_1, t_2$ ), wherein the measuring points in time ( $t_1, t_2$ ) lie in a time window ( $t_{\text{end}} - t_{\text{begin}}$ ), which is so selected that no predictable disturbance signals occur on the measuring electrode [(3, 4)] in this time window ( $t_{\text{end}} - t_{\text{begin}}$ ). On the basis of the response signal determined in the measuring points in time ( $t_1, t_2$ ), the relaxation time [( $\tau$ )], or the length of time until the reaching of a predetermined state of discharge ( $U_i$ ), of the measuring electrode [(3, 4)] is determined; on the basis of the determined relaxation time [( $\tau$ )], or on the basis of the length of time until the reaching of the defined state of discharge ( $U_i$ ), of the measuring electrode [(3, 4)], a malfunctioning of the measuring electrode (3, 4) is detected, or becomes detectable.

[(Fig. 2)]